

Exercising My Understanding

1. Who did Peter say was the one of whom Moses spoke in Deuteronomy 18:15? (Acts 3:17-26)
2. The apostle Paul said Christians are to keep the “feast” with the “with the unleavened bread of _____ and _____.” (1 Corinthians 5:6-8)
3. How was the “captain of their salvation” made perfect? (Hebrews 2:10-11)
4. From what did the apostle Paul say the Israelites drank while they were in the wilderness? (1 Corinthians 10:1-4)
5. What purpose did the law serve? (Galatians 3:19)
6. The saved have been “sanctified through the offering” of what? (Hebrews 10:8-10)
7. Where did Jesus suffer? (Hebrews 13:10-16)
8. The saved must take care not to develop an evil what? (Hebrews 3:12-14)
9. What remains for the people of God? (Hebrews 4:8-10)
10. Who did Jesus say would be drawn to Him if He was to be lifted up? (John 12:30-33)

Next Lesson:

The Role of Prophecies

God's Plan for Man

Lesson 4: Moses and Deliverance

- A. From Jacob to Moses. (Exodus 6:14-20)
 1. Levi was one of Jacob's 12 sons.
 2. Levi had a son named Kohath.
 3. Kohath had a son named Amram.
 4. Amram and his wife Jocabed had a son named Moses.
- B. God called Moses to deliver His people. (Exodus 2:23 - 3:10)
 1. One like Moses would come to lead God's people. (Deuteronomy 18:15)
 2. This one was identified as Christ. (Acts 3:17-26; 7:37)
 3. Jesus was counted worthy of more honor than Moses. (Hebrews 3:1-6)
- C. God instituted the Passover. (Exodus 12:1-20)
 1. It was after the supper of the Passover feast when Jesus instituted the remembrance of His death. (Matthew 26:17-30)
 2. Jesus was our Passover sacrifice. (1 Corinthians 5:6-8)
- D. God, through Moses, delivered His people from their Egyptian bondage. (Exodus 12:31-42)
 1. Jesus delivers sinners from their bondage to sin. (Hebrews 2:10-18)
 2. Christians should view themselves free from sin and servants of righteousness. (Romans 6:15-19)

E. God provided manna and water in the wilderness. (Exodus 16:1 - 17:7)

1. Jesus was the true bread which God gave from heaven. (John 6:30-33)
2. Jesus was the water of life. (1 Corinthians 10:1-4; John 4:13-14)

F. God gave Moses a law for the people. (Exodus 19:1 - 20:21)

1. God gave the law to Israel for their transgression. (Galatians 3:19-25)
2. The sin offering and trespass offering. (Leviticus 6:24 - 7:10)
 - ★ John the baptizer referred to Jesus as the Lamb of God who takes away the sins of the world. (John 1:29)
 - ★ Jesus was the perfect sacrifice with a sweet smelling aroma. (Ephesians 5:2; cf. 1 Peter 1:18-19)
 - ★ A body was prepared for Jesus to sacrifice. (Hebrews 10:4-18)
 - ★ Revelation shows the throne room scene where Jesus is the Lamb that was slain. (Revelation 5:1-14)
 - ★ Jesus suffered outside the camp. (Hebrews 13:10-16)

Creation

• adam sinned

- expulsion from garden
- cain kills abel
- sin abounds
- god brings the flood
- man is still sinful
- the tower of babel

• god's covenant with abraham

- melchizedek
- offering of isaac
- promise to isaac & jacob

- god called moses
- god institutes the passover
- moses delivers israel
- god gives manna and water
- god gives law on sinai
- god gives the tabernacle
- the first generation rebels
- 40 years of wandering
- the bronze serpent
- the promised land
- time of the judges
- time of the kings

3. Law of worship in the tabernacle. (Hebrews 9:1-10)

- a. Jesus is our High Priest. (Hebrews 7:20-28)
- b. Jesus' role in the holy places, in the true tent. (Hebrews 8:1-6; 9:11-14, 23-26)

G. The first generation of the Israelites rebelled and died in the wilderness. (Numbers 14:1-38)

1. Many years later, the psalmist would encourage Israel not to rebel as did that first generation. (Psalms 95:7-11)
2. Since the first generation did not enter the promised land, there remains a rest. (Hebrews 3:7 - 4:13)
3. The writer of Hebrews uses the rebellion of the first generation as a lesson against developing a heart of unbelief.

H. While in the wilderness, Israel complained against God and God sent serpents. Those who were bitten had to look upon a bronze serpent to be healed. (Numbers 21:4-9)

1. Jesus used the bronze serpent to illustrate how He, the Son of Man, would be lifted up. (John 3:9-15)
2. While being lifted up signifies the manner of death Jesus would die, (John 8:28; 12:30-34) those lost in sin must look to Jesus and His death in order to be saved.

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